

Insect Fauna of Yeongsil in Mt. Hallasan National Park (excluding Lepidoptera)

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Abstract: As a result of the long-term monitoring of the insect fauna of Yeongsil in Hallasan Mountain National Park, Jeju Island, a total of 146 species belonging to 52 families in 10 orders were identified and enumerated, with the exception of Lepidoptera. In terms of the species observed, 74 Coleoptera species (50.68%) were observed, followed by 17 Hemiptera species (11.70%), 16 Homoptera species (10.95%), 12 Hymenoptera species (8.21%), 11 Orthoptera species (7.53%), 8 Diptera species (5.47%), 5 Odonata species (3.42%), and 1 species each of families Neuroptera, Phasmatodea and Mecoptera (0.68%). The composition of species number of each order was comparative to that of Jeju Island. These results may reflect that the natural environment of Yeongsil area is relatively specific on this island and well conserved.

Keywords: Insect, Yeongsil, Hallasan Mountain National Park

Introduction

Yeongsil, located within the Hallasan Mountain National Park, is included within the administrative district of Jungmun-dong, Seoguipo-si. Yeongsil is a part of the Hallasan Mountain National Park, which has been designated as a biosphere reserve and a world heritage site. The region is broadly divided into 4 vegetations of the pine forest, pine and Yeddo hornbeam forest, Yeddo hornbeam and konara oak forest and the Yeddo hornbeam forest. Furthermore, the region exhibits traits which differ from other regions of the Hallasan Mountain National Park, since the region includes a river valley with insects which inhabit areas near water.

Until recently, studies on the insect fauna of Yeongsil were limited to only intermittent and short-term monitoring and reinterpretation of past documents. Therefore, this comprehensive study was conducted in order to monitor the insect fauna of Yeongsil and to compare the data to that of other areas of the Hallasan Mountain National Park, in order to provide basic data for the preservation of insect species and the prediction and evaluation of changes in insect fauna with regards to future climate changes.

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Study Method

The study method included outdoor study conducted between 1993 and October of 2011, with focus on the Yeongsil exploration trail (1,000 m above sea level) and the Yeongsil resting time (1,280 m above sea level) (Fig. 1).

Insect nets were used to collect flying insects, such as dragonflies, sweeping method was used in areas of dense tree and shrub population, and insects living on decaying trees and dried leaves were collected after turning over or digging for them. In order to capture nocturnal insects, portable generator (220V mercury lamp) and UV bucket light traps (Bioquip 12V, 18AH, 31.3Cm in diameter,

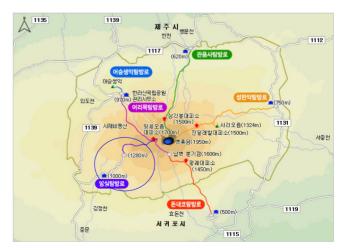


Fig. 1. Survey area of Yeongsil in Hallasan Mountain National Park.

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height 32Cm) were installed, and the captured moths were collected the next day for specimen preparation and identification. Past records of the study sites and specimen stored in the Folklore & Natural History Museum of Jeju Special Self-governing Province, the Halla Arboretum and the Korea National Arboretum were gathered and organized.

Results and Discussion

Past studies

Past studies on the insect fauna of Yeongsil, with the exception of Lepidoptera, are limited to the *Insects Fauna of Mt. Halla. - Report of the Academic Survey of Hallasan (Mountain) Natural Preserve* by Lee *et al.* (1985), which organized and reported 148 species belonging to 5 orders or 52 families. Therefore, the majority of past studies only include reinterpretation of past studies and short-term studies. In terms of studies on order Odonata, study by Lee (1996) reported 1 species, the *Anax nigrofasciatus* Oguma of family Aeshnidae.

Studies on order Orthoptera included study by Huh and Kwon (1995a, 1995b), which reported 1 species of the *Tetrix japonica* I. Bolivar of family Tetrigidae, study by Jung (2001), which reported 5 species, including the *Gryllotalpa orientalis* Burmeister of family Gryllotalpidae, and the study by Kim (2007), which reported 6 species, including the *Glyptobothrus tamna* Kim of family Acrididae.

Studies on order Hemiptera included study by Lee *et al.* (1985), which reported 9 species of 7 families, and study by Kim (1995), which reported 8 species of 4 families, including the *Nabis apicalis* Matsumura of family Nabidae.

Studies on order Homoptera included study by Lee *et al.* (1985), which recorded 7 species of 5 families, and study by Huh and Kwon (1995b), which recorded 9 species of 3 families, including the *Eoscartopsis assimilis* Uhler, 1896 of family Cercopidae.

Studies on order Coleoptera included study by Lee et al. (1985), which recorded 17 species of 8 families, and study by Park and Kwon (1995), which recorded 2 species, including the Damaster smaragdinus Von Waldheim Fischer of family Carabidae. Studies on order Harpalidae included study by Paik (1995), which recorded 2 species, including the *Harpalus aenigma* Tschitscherine, study by Park and Paik (2001), which recorded 2 species, including the Harpalus roninus Bates, and study by Paik and Moon (2005), which recorded 1 species, including the *Harpalus* aenigma Tschitscherine. Studies on order Dytiscidae included study by Jung (2001), which recorded 1 species, including the Agabus optatus Sharp and study by Jung (2006), which recorded 2 species, including the Agabus miyamotoi Nakane. Studies on order Erotylidae included study by Choi and Woo (1995), which recorded 4 species, including the Aulacochilus decoratus Reitter. Studies on order Chrysomelidae included study by An and Kwon (1995), which recorded 7 species, including the Altica cirsicola Ohno. Studies on order Curculionidae included study by Hong, J., A. B. Egorov and B. A. Korotyaev (2000), which recorded 10 species, including the Acicnemis suturalis Roelofs.

Studies on order Diptera included study by Lee *et al.* (1985), which recorded 6 species belonging to 4 families, and study by Suh and Kwon (1995), which recorded 1 species of the *Campiglossa hirayamae* Matsumura of family Tephritidae.

Discussion

The result of monitoring the insect fauna with the exception of Lepidoptera identified a total of 146 species belonging to 52 families in 10 orders (Table 1). In terms of the species observed, 74 Coleoptera species (50.68%) were observed, followed by 17 Hemiptera species (11.70%), 16 Homoptera species (10.95%), 12 Hymenoptera species (8.21%), 11

Table 1. The total number of insect and relative dominance in of Yeongsil in Hallasan Mountain National Park

Order	Family	Species	Ratio (%)	Endemic Species* (ESK)	Management of Exotic Species (MES)	Designated Species** (DS)
Odonata	3	5	3.42			
Orthoptera	3	11	7.53	6		
Phasmatodea	1	1	0.68	1		1
Hemiptera	9	17	11.70			
Homoptera	6	16	10.95	1		
Neuroptera	1	1	0.68			
Coleoptera	18	74	50.68	1	4	11
Hymenoptera	6	12	8.21			1
Mecoptera	1	1	0.68			
Diptera	4	8	5.47			3
11 orders	52	146	100	9	4	16

^{*}Endemic Species: NIBR, 2011

^{**}Designated Species: ME and NIER, 2006

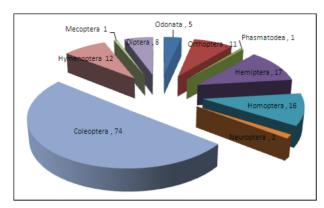


Fig. 2. Taxonomic group composition of the insect at Yeongsil in Hallasan Mountain National Park.



Fig. 3. Megaulacobothrus jejuensis Kim, 2007.

Orthoptera species (7.53%), 8 Diptera species (5.47%), 5 Odonata species (3.42%), and 1 species each of families Neuroptera, Phasmatodea and Mecoptera (0.68%) (Table 1, Fig. 2).

A total of 9 indigenous species of Korea belonging to 4 orders and 6 families (Table 2), including the Megaulacobothrus jejuensis Kim (Fig. 3), Omocestus haemorrhoidalis Charpentier and the *Prumna halrasana* Lee et Lee (Fig. 5), were observed during the study.

A total of 4 species belonging to 1 family and 1 order,



Fig. 4. Omocestus haemorrhoidalis (Charpentier, 1825).



Fig. 5. Prumna halrasana (Lee et Lee, 1984).

including the Damaster smaragdinus Von Waldheim Fischer (Fig. 6) of family Carabidae, order Coleoptera, were identified as species legally protected from export.

In the case of Designated Species, a total of 16 species belonging to 6 families and 4 orders, including the Nicrophorus concolor Kraatz of family Silphidae, order Coleoptera were identified (Fig. 7).

The Glyptobothrus tamna Kim of family Acrididae and order Orthoptera was found as the 1 species native to Jeju Island. In terms of species which are found abroad but only in Jeju Island in South Korea, a total of 4 species belonging

Table 2. List of legally protected insects collection of Yeongsil in Hallasan Mountain National Park

Classification	Species
Endemic Species* (ESK)	땅강아지[Gryllotalpa orientalis Burmeister, 1839], 모메뚜기[Tetrix japonica (I. Bolivar, 1887)], 청날개애메뚜기[Megaulacobothrus jejuensis Kim, 2007], 삽사리[Mongolotettix japonicus japonicus (I. Bolivar, 1898)], 대륙메뚜기[Omocestus haemorrhoidalis (Charpentier, 1825)], 한라북방밑들이메뚜기[Prumna halrasana (Lee et Lee, 1984)], 대벌레[Baculum elongatum (Thunberg, 1815)], 거제도황백매미충[Pagaronia geojedoensis Kwon et Lee, 1980], 제주그물눈풍뎅이[Holotrichia reticulata Murayama, 1941]
Management of Exotic Species (MES)	멋쟁이딱정벌레[<i>Damaster jankowskii</i> Oberthur, 1885], 홍단딱정벌레[<i>Damaster smaragdinus</i> Von Waldheim Fischer, 1824], 우리딱정벌레[<i>Carabus sternbergi</i> Roeschke, 1898], 왕딱정벌레[<i>Carabus fiduciarius</i> Thomson, 1865]
Designated Species** (DS)	대 벌레[Baculum elongatum (Thunberg, 1815)], 검정송장벌레[Nicrophorus concolor Kraatz, 1877], 송장벌레[Nicrophorus japonicus Harold, 1877], 넉점박이송장벌레[Nicrophorus quadripunctatus Kraatz, 1877], 큰수중다리송장벌레[Nicrophorus protein, 1922], 큰넓적송장벌레[Eusilpha jakowlewi (Semenow, 1891)], 열흰점박이무당벌레[Clavia decemguttata (Linnaeus, 1767)], 칠성무당벌레[Coccinella septempunctata Linnaeus, 1758], 무당벌레[Harmonia axyridis (Pallas, 1773)], 십이흰점무당벌레[Vibidia duodecimguttata (Poda, 1761)], 금록색잎벌레[Basilepta fulvipes (Motschulsky, 1860)], 상아잎벌레[Gallerucida bifasciata Motschulsky, 1860], 홍배꼬마꽃벌[Sphecodes simillimus Smith, 1873], 광꽃등에[Melanostoma scalare (Fabricius, 1794)], 꽃등에[Eristalis tenax (Linnaeus, 1758)], 수중다리꽃등에[Helophilus virgatus Coquillett, 1898]



Fig. 6. Damaster smaragdinus Von Waldheim Fischer, 1824.



Fig. 7. Nicrophorus concolor Kraatz, 1877.

to 4 families and 3 orders were found, including the Rhantus yessoensis Sharp of family Dytiscidae and order Dytiscidae, the Aphthona perminuta Baly of family Chrysomelidae, the Camponotus obscuripes Mayr of family Formicidae and order Hymenoptera, and the Panorpa approximata Esben-Petersen of family Panorpidae and order Mecoptera.

Study by Jung and Kim (2000) on the insect fauna of regions outside of the Hallasan Mountain National Park recorded 379 species belonging to 100 families and 14 orders. The results of this study on the insect fauna of Yeongsil recorded a total of 146 species belonging to 52 families in 10 orders, which is only approximately 39% of the aforementioned study, and this result is influenced by the region's vegetation and the number of study sessions. In other words, while Gwaneumsa temple is composed primarily of deciduous broad-leaved trees, such as the konara oak and the sargent cherry, open farm fields and wild weeds, Yeongsil is composed primarily of woody plants, such as the Konara oak, Yeddo hornbeam and the pine, and the lower vegetation species of the Sasa guelpaertensis Nakai, which is predicted to have been the cause of the region's low insect diversity. Besides the Hallasan Mountain National Park, other national parts of other regions are also displaying decreasing insect diversity, with increasing

coverage of lower vegetation with Sasa borealis Makino. In the future, Sasa borealis Makino must be removed to allow increased level of lower vegetation, in order to increase insect species diversity.

Since the Yeongsil has received protection, following its designation as a biosphere reserve and a world heritage site, it can be said that the region plays a significant role in ecological preservation. Therefore, the insect species composition of the forest ecosystem of this region has a close relationship with its flora and vegetation. Accordingly, judging from the insect species and species composition observed from this study, it is expected that continuous studies with a more diverse collection methods will result in additional species observed. The results of this study are predicted to be used as valuable data for the prediction of the changes in the insect fauna of Yeongsil with future climate changes.

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Appendix. Insect Fauna of Yeongsil in Mt. Hallasan National Park (exclusion of Lepidoptera)

The classification was followed by the Checklist of Koeran Insects (2010) and species were organized alphabetically. Mark "" indicates native species, mark "" indicates species native to Jeju Island, and the mark "indicates unidentified species.

Order 1. Odonata 잠자리

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Family 1. Coenagrionidae 실잠자리과	
1. Ceriagrion melanurum (Selys, 1876)	노란실잠자리

Family 2. Aeshnidae 왕잠자리과

먹줄왕잠자리 1. Anax nigrofasciatus Oguma, 1915

Family 3. Libellulidae 잠자리과

1. Orthetrum melania Selys, 1883 큰밀잠자리 된장잠자리 2. Pantala flavescens (Fabricius, 1798) 두점박이좀잠자리 3. Sympetrum eroticum (Selys, 1883)

Order 2. Orthoptera 메뚜기목

Family 1. Gryllotalpidae 땅강아지과

땅강아지 1. Gryllotalpa orientalis Burmeister, 1839 *

Family 2. Tetrigidae 모메뚜기과

1. Tetrix japonica (I. Bolivar, 1887) 모메뚜기

Family 3. Acrididae 메뚜기과

1. Chorthippus biguttulus maritimus Mistshenko, 1951 애메뚜기 탐라애메뚜기 2. Glyptobothrus tamna Kim. 2007 ** 3. Megaulacobothrus jejuensis Kim, 2007 *, ** 청날개애메뚜기 폭날개애메뚜기 4. Megaulacobothrus latipennis (I. Bolivar, 1898)

5. Mongolotettix japonicus japonicus (I. Bolivar, 1898) * 삽사리

6. Mongolotettix japonicus vittatus (Uvarov, 1914)

7. Omocestus haemorrhoidalis (Charpentier, 1825) * 대륙메뚜기 밑들이메뚜기 8. Parapodisma setouchiensis Inoue, 1979

9. Prumna halrasana (Lee et Lee, 1984) * 한라북방밑들이메뚜기

Order 3. Phasmatodea 대벌레목

Family 1. Phasmatidae (Phasmidae) 대벌레과 1. Baculum elongatum (Thunberg, 1815) * 대벌레

Order 4. Hemiptera 노린재목

Family 1. Gerridae 소금쟁이과

1. Gerris gracilicornis (Horvth, 1879) 등빨강소금쟁이

Family 2. Nabidae 쐐기노린재과

미니날개큰쐐기노린재 1. Himacerus apterus (Fabricius, 1798) 2. Nabis apicalis Matsumura, 1913 미니날개애쐐기노린재 3. Prostemma hilgendorffi Miyamoto et Lee, 1966 알락날개쐐기노린재

Family 3. Miridae 장님노린재과

1. Adelphocoris triannulatus (Stl, 1858)	설상무늬장님노린재
2. Creontiades coloripes Hsiao, 1963	날개홍선장님노린재
3. Lygocoris nigritulus (Linnavuori, 1961)	검은빛장님노린재
4. Psallus tonnaichanus Muramoto, 1973	해동우리장님노린재

Family 4. Lygaeidae 긴노린재과 1. <i>Neolethaeus dallasi</i> (Scott, 1880)	달라시긴노린재
Family 5. Largidae 큰별노린재과 1. <i>Physopelta cincticolli</i> s Stl, 1863	여수별노린재
Family 6. Rhopalidae 잡초노린재과 1. Rhopalus sapporensis (Matusumura, 1905) 2. Stictopleurus crassicornis (Linnaeus, 1758)	삿포로잡초노린재 흑다리잡초노린재
Family 7. Urostylidae 참나무노린재과 1. <i>Urostylis annulicornis</i> Scott, 1874	작은주걱참나무노린재
Family 8. Acanthosomatidae 뿔노린재과 1. Acanthosoma labiduroides Jakovlev, 1880 2. Dichobothrium nubilum Dallas, 1851 3. Elasmostethus humeralis Jakovlev, 1883	긴가위뿔노린재 남방뿔노린재 얼룩뿔노린재
Family 9. Pentatomidae 노린재과 1. Carbula putoni (Jakovlev, 1876)	가시노린재
Order 5. Homoptera 때미목 Family 1. Cercopidae 쥐머리거품벌레과 1. Eoscartopsis assimilis (Uhler, 1896)	쥐머리거품벌레
Family 2. Aphrophoridae 거품벌레과 1. Aphrophora flavipes Uhler, 1896 2. Aphrophora intermedia Uhler, 1896	솔거품벌레 흰띠거품벌레
Family 3. Cicadellidae 메미충과 1. Bothrogonia japonica Ishihara, 1962 2. Evacanthus interruptus (Linnaeus, 1758) 3. Ledra auditura Walker, 1858 4. Macrosteles brunnescens Anufriev, 1968 5. Macrosteles striifrons Anufriev, 1968 6. Nephotettix cincticeps (Uhler, 1896) 7. Pagaronia geojedoensis Kwon et Lee, 1980 * 8. Planaphrodes nigricans (Matsumura, 1912) 9. Stroggylocephalus agrestis (Falln, 1806) 10. Yanocephalus yanonis (Matsumura, 1902)	끝검은말매미충 날개무늬관매미충 귀매미 꼬마매미충 꼭지매미충 꼭지매미충 끝동매미충 거제도황백매미충 흑곰매미충 벼넓적매미충 야노뾰족매미충
Family 4. Issidae 알멸구과 1. <i>Gergithus variabilis</i> (Butler, 1875)	홍도알멸구
Family 5. Cixiidae 장삼벌레과 1. <i>Andes harimaensis</i> (Matsumura, 1914)	모시장삼벌레
Family 6. Cicadidae 메미과 1. <i>Platypleura kaempferi</i> (Fabricius, 1794)	털매미

Order 6. Neuroptera 풀잠자리목

Family 1. Osmylidae 보날개풀잠자리과

1. Lysmus harmandinus (Navas, 1910)

보날개풀잠자리

큰납작먼지벌레

송장풍뎅이

Order 7. Coleoptera 딱정벌레목

Family 1. Carabidae 딱정벌레과	
1. Carabus fiduciarius Thomson, 1865	왕딱정벌레
2. Carabus sternbergi Roeschke, 1898	우리딱정벌레
3. Damaster jankowskii Oberthur, 1885	멋쟁이딱정벌레

4. Damaster smaragdinus Von Waldheim Fischer, 1824 홍단딱정벌레 애딱정벌레

5. Hemicarabus tuberculosus Dejean et Boisduval, 1829

Family 2. Harpalidae 먼지벌레과

1. Colpodes buchanani Hope, 1831 날개끝가시먼지벌레 일본줄납작먼지벌레 2. Colpodes japonicus (Motschulsky, 1860) 3. Harpalus aenigma (Tschitscherine, 1897) 청동머리먼지벌레 설악머리먼지벌레 4. Harpalus roninus Bates, 1873 한라십자무늬먼지벌레 5. Lebia retrofasciata Motschulsky, 1864 애가슴먼지벌레 6. Leistus niger Gebler, 1847

7. Platynus magnus (Bates, 1873)

Family 3. Dytiscidae 물방개과

땅콩물방개 1. Agabus miyamotoi (Nakane, 1959) 검정땅콩물방개 2. Agabus optatus Sharp, 1884 애기물방개 3. Rhantus pulverosus (Stephens, 1828) 제주애기물방개

4. Rhantus vessoensis Sharp, 1891

Family 4. Histeridae 풍뎅이붙이과 1. Margarinotus niponicus (Lewis, 1895)

좀풍뎅이붙이

Family 5. Silphidae 송장벌레과 1. Eusilpha jakowlewi (Semenow, 1891)

큰넓적송장벌레 큰수중다리송장벌레 2. Necrodes asiaticus Portevin, 1922 검정송장벌레 3. Nicrophorus concolor Kraatz, 1877 송장벌레 4. Nicrophorus japonicus Harold, 1877 5. Nicrophorus quadripunctatus Kraatz, 1877 넉점박이송장벌레 넓적송장벌레 6. Silpha perforata Gebler, 1832

Family 6. Trogidae 송장풍뎅이과 1. Trogus setifer Waterhouse, 1875

Family 7. Melolonthidae 검정풍뎅이과

주황긴다리풍뎅이 1. Ectinohoplia rufipes (Motschulsky, 1860) 긴다색풍뎅이 2. Heptophylla picea Motschulsky, 1857 참검정풍뎅이 3. Holotrichia diomphalia (Bates, 1888) 4. Holotrichia reticulata Murayama, 1941 * 제주그물눈검정풍뎅이 우단풍뎅이 5. Maladera japonica (Motschulsky, 1860) 빨간색우단풍뎅이 6. Maladera verticalis (Fairmaire, 1888) 하세가와다색우단풍뎅이 7. Sericania vamauchii Sawada, 1938

Family 8. Scarabaeidae 풍뎅이과

1. Miridiva koreana Niijima et Kinoshita, 1923 고려노랑풍뎅이 콩풍뎅이 2. Popillia mutans Newmann, 1838 등노랑풍뎅이 3. Spilota plagicollis Fairmaire, 1866

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Family 9. Elateridae 방아벌레과 1. <i>Melanotus erythropygus</i> Candze, 1860	큰빨간빗살방아벌레
Family 10. Cantharidae 병대벌레과 1. Athemus vittelinus (Kiesenwetter, 1874) 2. Podabrus lictorius Lewis, 1895	회황색병대벌레 포졸병대벌레
Family 11. Nitidulidae 밑빠진벌레(나무밑쑤시기)과 1. Soronia fracta Reitter, 1873	큰납작밑빠진벌레
Family 12. Erotylidae 버섯벌레과 1. Aulacochilus decoratus Reitter, 1879 2. Dacne picta Crotch, 1873 3. Episcapha flavofasciata (Reitter, 1879) 4. Episcapha gorhami Lewis, 1879 5. Tetratriplax inornata (Chj, 1941)	톱니무늬버섯벌레 노랑테가는버섯벌레 노랑줄왕버섯벌레 고오람왕버섯벌레 제주붉은줄버섯벌레
Family 13. Coccinellidae 무당벌레과 1. Clavia decemguttata (Linnaeus, 1767) 2. Coccinella septempunctata Linnaeus, 1758 3. Harmonia axyridis (Pallas, 1773) 4. Vibidia duodecimguttata (Poda, 1761)	열흰점박이무당벌레 칠성무당벌레 무당벌레 십이흰점무당벌레
Family 14. Oedemeridae 하늘소붙이(어리하늘소)과 1. Chrysanthia viatica Lewis, 1895 2. Oedemerina subrobusta Nakane, 1954	줄진하늘소붙이 주름살하늘소붙이
Family 15. Cerambycidae 하늘소과 1. Cephalallus unicolor Gahan,1906 2. Distenia gracilis (Blessig, 1872) 3. Monochamus subfasciatus (Bates, 1873) 4. Saperda octomaculata Blessig, 1873 5. Spondylis buprestoides (Linnaeus, 1758)	넓적하늘소 깔따구하늘소 긴수염하늘소 팔점긴하늘소 검정하늘소
Family 16. Chrysomelidae 잎벌레과 1. Altica cirsicola Ohno, 1960 2. Aphthona perminuta Baly, 1875 3. Basilepta fulvipes (Motschulsky, 1860) 4. Cryptocephalus exiguus Schneider, 1792 5. Galeruca vicina Solsky, 1872 6. Gallerucida bifasciata Motschulsky, 1860 7. Hemipyxis plagioderoides (Motschuldky, 1860) 8. Scelodonta lewisii Baly, 1874 9. Stenoluperus nipponensis (Laboissiere. 1913)	엉겅퀴벼룩잎벌레 검정배애벼룩잎벌레 금록색잎벌레 닮은꼬마통잎벌레 한서잎벌레 상아잎벌레 보라색잎벌레 이미줄꼽추잎벌레 섬나라잎벌레
Family 17. Curculionidae 바구미과 1. Acicnemis suturalis Roelofs, 1875 2. Anthonomus rectirostris (Linnaeus, 1758) 3. Calomycterus setarius Roelofs, 1873 4. Curculio flavoscutellatus Roelofs, 1874 5. Cyrtepistomus castaneus (Roelofs, 1873) 6. Eugnathus distinctus Roelofs, 1873 7. Morimotozo obscurus Roelofs, 1873	등고목바구미 꽃바구미 털줄바구미 보리수밤바구미 밤색주둥이바구미 쌍무늬바구미 가죽긴알바구미

36 Sai-Ho Jung and Hong-Shik Oh 맵시애바구미 8. Nespilobaris parabasimaculatus (Morimoto et Lee, 1992) 9. Orchestes japonicus Hustache, 1920 떡갈나무벼룩바구미 가시털바구미 10. Pseudocneorhinus setosus Roelofs, 1879 Family 18. Rhynchophoridae 왕바구미과 그라나리아바구미 1. Sitophilus granarius (Linnaeus, 1758) Order 8. Hymenoptera 벌목 Family 1. Tenthredinidae 잎벌과 왜무잎벌 1. Athalia japonica (Klug, 1813) 2. Rhogogaster varipes (Kirby, 1882) 북방상제잎벌 Family 2. Ichneumonidae 맵시벌과 1. Ephialtes capulifera (Kriechbaumer, 1874) 황다리납작맵시벌 꼬리애자루맵시벌 2. Netelia tarsata (Brischke, 1880) 등검정자루맵시벌 3. Netelia virgatus (Fourcroy, 1785) 왕자루맵시벌 4. Ophion luteus (Linnaeus, 1758) 5. Schizoloma amictum (Fabricius, 1775) 어리곤봉자루맵시벌 Family 3. Formicidae 개미과 일본왕개미 1. Camponotus japonicus Mayr, 1866 2. Camponotus obscuripes Mayr, 1871 홍가슴개미 Family 4. Vespidae 말벌과 황말벌 1. Vespa simillima xanthoptera Cameron, 1903 Family 5. Halictidae 꼬마꽃벌과 홍배꼬마꽃벌 1. Sphecodes simillimus Smith, 1873 Family 6. Apidae 꿀벌과 1. Bombus ardens Smith, 1879 센뒤영벌 Order 9. Mecoptera 밑드리목 Family 1. Panorpidae 밑드리과 제주밑드리 1. Panorpa approximata Esben-Petersen, 1915 Order 10. Diptera 파리목 Family 1. Tipulidae 각다귀과 아이노각다귀 1. Tipula aino Alexander, 1914 2. Tipula flavocostalis Alexander, 1921 좀잠자리각다귀 3. Tipula bubo Alexander, 1918 Family 2. Syrphidae 꽃등에과 1. Eristalis tenax (Linnaeus, 1758) 꽃등에 수중다리꽃등에 2. Helophilus virgatus Coquillett, 1898

Family 3. Tephritidae 과실파리과 1. Campiglossa hirayamae (Matsumura, 1916)

3. *Melanostoma scalare* (Fabricius, 1794)

국화과실파리

광꽃등에

Family 4. Tachinidae 기생파리과 1. *Tachina politula* (Coquillett, 1898)